Application No.: 10/016,998

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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A method for communicating data between a fiber optic data network and an electric power system, comprising:

communicating a first data signal <u>comprising the data</u> with the fiber optic data network;

converting between the first data signal and a second data signal; routing the second data signal;

communicating the second data signal with a transformer bypass device for communication with the electric power system; and

wherein the transformer bypass device is coupled to a medium voltage power line of the electric distribution power system and a low voltage power line of the electric power system.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first data signal is a fiber optic-based signal.
- 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the first data signal is compliant with the Synchronous Optical Network standard.
- 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein a radio frequency signal is modulated by the second data signal.
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the first data signal is received from the fiber optic data network.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first data signal is transmitted on the fiber optic data network.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the second data signal is received from the electric power system.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second data signal is transmitted on the electric power system.
  - 9. (Canceled)
- 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the electric power system includes a low-voltage network located within a customer premise.

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11. (Canceled)

- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the electric power system includes a high-voltage network.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising converting the second data signal to a third data signal, wherein the third data signal is capable of being transmitted on a telecommunications network.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein a power line interface device converts the second data signal to the third data signal.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the telecommunications network is a customer premise telephone network.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the telecommunications network is a customer premise coaxial cable network.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the second data signal is communicated with a power line interface device.
  - 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Previously presented) A device for converting data between a fiber optic data network and an electric power system, comprising:
- a first interface port for communicating a first data signal with the fiber optic data network;
- a second interface port for communicating a second data signal with the electric power system;
  - a fiber optic transceiver in communication with the first interface port;
- a modem in communication with the fiber optic transceiver and the second interface port; and
  - a router in communication with the fiber optic transceiver and the modem.
- 21. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, wherein the fiber optic transceiver converts a fiber optic data signal received at the first interface port to an electrical data signal.
- 22. (Previously presented) The device of claim 21, wherein the modem receives the electrical data signal and modulates a carrier signal with the electrical

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data signal to form a first modulated data signal for communication to the electric power system.

23. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, wherein the modem demodulates a modulated data signal received at the second interface port to produce a demodulated data signal for communication to the fiber optic transceiver.

- 24. (Previously presented) The device of claim 23, wherein the fiber optic transceiver converts the demodulated data signal to an optical signal for communication to the fiber optic data network.
  - 25. (Canceled)
- 26. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, wherein the second interface port is communicatively coupled to a transformer bypass device.
- 27. (Previously presented) The device of claim 22, wherein the modem demodulates a second modulated data signal received at the second interface port to produce a demodulated data signal for communication to the fiber optic transceiver.
- 28. (Previously presented) The device of claim 27, wherein the fiber optic transceiver converts said demodulated data signal to an optical signal for communication to the fiber optic data network.
- 29. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, wherein the electric power system is a low-voltage network located within a customer premise.
- 30. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, wherein the electric power system is a low-voltage network.
- 31. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, wherein the electric power system is a medium-voltage network.
- 32. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, wherein the electric power system is a high-voltage network.
- 33. (Previously presented) The device of claim 20, further comprising a conversion device to convert the second data signal to a third data signal, wherein the third data signal is capable of being transmitted on a telecommunications network.

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34. (Original) The device of claim 33, wherein the telecommunications network is a customer premise telephone network.

- 35. (Original) The device of claim 33, wherein the telecommunications network is a customer premise coaxial cable network.
- 36. (Previously presented) A device for communicating data between a fiber optic data network that carries fiber optic data signals and an electric power system that carries electrical data signals, comprising:

a fiber optic transceiver in communication with the fiber optic data network; a router in communication with the fiber optic transceiver; and a modem in communication with the router and the electric power system.

- 37. (Original) The communication network of claim 36, further comprising a power line interface device in communication with the electric power system and a telecommunication network.
- 38. (Original) The communication network of claim 37, further comprising a premise data network in communication with the power line interface device.
- 39. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 37, wherein the power line interface device is communicatively coupled to a telephone.
- 40. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein the modem communicates with the electric power system through a transformer bypass device.
- 41. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein the fiber optic transceiver communicates with the fiber optic data network using the Synchronous Optical Network standard.
  - 42. (Canceled)
- 43. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein the modem is in communication with a network device.
- 44. (Original) The communication network of claim 43, wherein the network device includes at least one of the following: a telephone, a computer, a facsimile machine, a television, and a household appliance.
- 45. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein an electric transformer forms part of the electric power system.

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46. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 45, further comprising a power line bridge in communication with the electric power system and the modem, the power line bridge providing a path for data to bypass the electric transformer.

- 47. (Canceled)
- 48. (Canceled)
- 49. (Canceled)
- 50. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein the electric power system includes a low-voltage network located within a customer premise.
- 51. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 50, wherein the router selects said low-voltage network from a plurality of low-voltage networks for transmission of data signals.
- 52. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein the electric power system includes a low-voltage network.
- 53. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 52, wherein the router selects said low-voltage network from a plurality of low-voltage networks for transmission of data signals.
- 54. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein the electric power system includes a medium-voltage network.
- 55. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 54, wherein the modem is coupled to the medium-voltage network.
- 56. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 36, wherein the electric power system includes a high-voltage network.
- 57. (Previously presented) The communication network of claim 56, wherein the modem is coupled to the high-voltage network.
- 58. (Currently amended) A method for communicating data between a fiber optic data network and an electric power system, comprising:

receiving a first fiber optic data signal <u>comprising the data</u> with an optical transceiver;

generating a second data signal based on the first fiber optic data signal;

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routing the second data signal;

modulating a radio frequency signal with the second data signal to generate a first modulated data signal; and

transmitting the first modulated data signal to the electric power system.

- 59. (Previously presented) The method claim 58, further comprising: receiving the first modulated data signal from the electric power system; converting the received signal to a premise-based data signal; and providing the premise-based data signal to a network device.
- 60. (Canceled)
- 61. (Previously presented) The method claim 58, further comprising: receiving a second modulated data signal from the electric power system; demodulating the second modulated data signal to provide a first demodulated data signal;

creating a second fiber optic data signal based on said first demodulated data signal; and

transmitting the second fiber optic data signal to the fiber optic data network.